Control practices

The following control objectives provide a basis for strengthening your control environment for the process of closing the books. When you select an objective, you will access a list of the associated business risks and control practice to the associated business risks and control practice to the process controls.

This business risk and control information can help you assess your internal control environment and assist with the design and implementation of internal controls. Please note that this information is at the generic business process level and many **cesspail**hineed to go beyond generic models to address the specific business processes that support the financial and nonfinancial disclosures being made. You can combine the insight of this business risk and control information with your industrepecific knowledge and understanding of your company's environment when conducting internal control assessments and designing and implementing recommendations.

Effectiveness and efficiency of operations

- A. Cycle time is reduced.
- B. Quality within the closing processins proved.
- C. Employees and management are given the information they need to control the closing process.
- D. Relevant management information is provided on a timely basis.

Reliability of financial reporting

- A. Journal entries are properly authorized.
- B. Journalentries are accurately and completely recorded on a timely basis.
- C. Journal entries are reliably processed and reported.
- D. Recorded balances are substantiated.
- E. Recorded balances are evaluated.
- F. All necessary reconciliations are complete and accurate.
- G. Perf

Effectiveness and efficiency of operations

A. Cycle time is reduced.

Reliability of financial reporting

A. Journal entries are properly authorized.

Business risks

Unauthorized or invalid entries will be recorded in the general ledger.

Control practices

- 1. Devise computer routines that automate recurring journal entries submitted from subsidiary ledger systems.
- 2. Devise computesystems that generate reports of all recurring and ecurring journal entries and appoint an appropriate level of personnel to review them to ensure proper authorization and supporting documentation exists for each.
- 3. Appoint an appropriate level of persnel that is knowledgeable with the transaction details to review nonrecurring journal entries as well as a higher level of personnel to approve them.
- 4. Implement security controls to prevent unauthorized access to general ledger records.
- 5. Devise appropriate uthorization and explanation details that support all consolidation, reclassification, and adjustments of general ledger balances.
- 6. Program the computer system to restrict journal entry changes outside certain parameters (for example, the system will not allow duplicate account numbers or it will only allow liability accounts to be created with a certain range of account numbers).

B. Journal entries are accurately and completely recorded on a timely basis.

Business risks

Journal entries will be omitted.

C. Journal entries are reliably processed and reported.

Business risks

Unauthorized changes will be made to programs, causing unauthorized processing results.

Unauthorized versions of either files and processing, resulting in unauthorized or incorrect business transactions.

Control practices

- 1. Implement controls to maintain the integrity of programs used to process transactions (for example, authorization to modify use programs
- 2. Use only current, tested, and authorized versions of computer programs for processing transactions.
- 3. Ensure that all relevant accounts are locked down during the closing process and only key personnel are responsible for the lock down activation.
- 4. Programthe accounting system to automatically cease processing any entry that does not balance and to display an error message for the individual posting the problem entry.
- 5. Configure the accounting system to display an error message when someone posts a problem entry.
- 6. Ensure that the recording, approval, and review of journal entries are performed by different individuals with different levels of seniority.

D. Recorded balances are substantiated.

Business risks

Unauthorized transactions will remain undetected.

Errors in processing, summarizing, and recording transactions will remain undetected. Transactions will not be recorded.

Control practices

- 1. Confirm significant balances with third parties.
- 2. Reconcile general ledger balances regularly to subsidiary ledger balances.
- 3. Compare journal entry activity reports periodically to supporting documentation.
- 4. Perform a one-one check offte listing of recurring period end closing entries/adjustments to the journal entries actually recorded to validate completeness.
- 5. Ensure that all nonrecurring period end closing entries/ adjustments entered into the accounting system are compared via a-tomene check of postiput/update reports to information contained in the source documents to verify the completeness and accuracy of all critical field data.

6.

F. All necessary reconciliations are complete and acrate.